Souvenir Book of Views

Moose Jaw

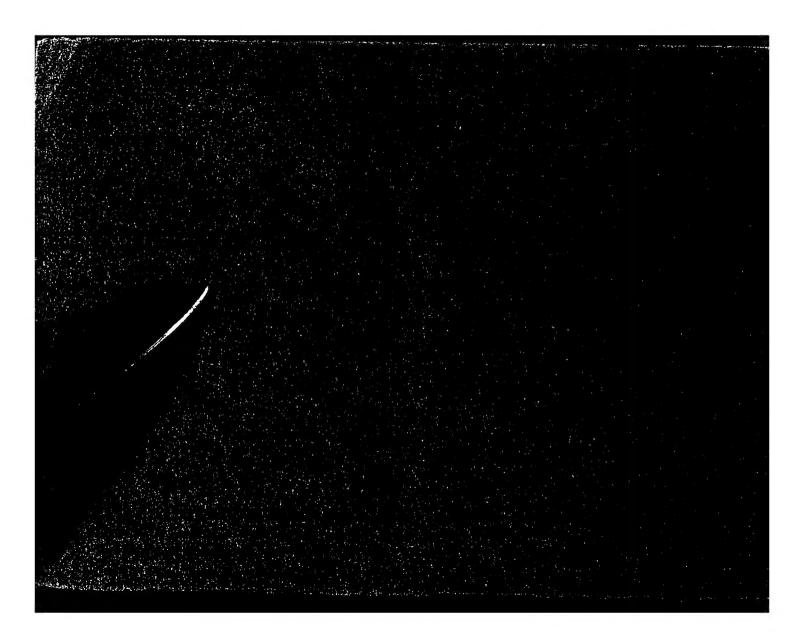


SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA

The Railway Capital of Saskatchewan

Printed by Photogelatine Engraving Co. Limited, Ottawa, Canada

465



MOOSE JAW

The Buckle of the Greatest Wheat Belt in the World

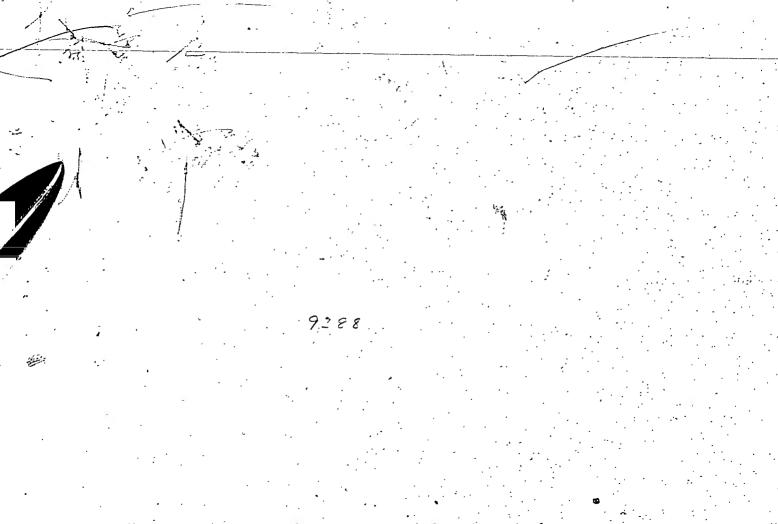
MOOSE JAW is the Railway Capital of Saskatchewan. It is the Provincial Headquarters of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the Canadian Terminus of the Soo Line running direct to Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and a sub-divisional point on the Canadian National Railways. Ten lines radiate from the City whilst four additional lines are at present under construction. Next to Winnipeg, Moose Jaw dominates the Prairies with its ceaseless railway activities, the local freight yards of the C.P.R. are the third largest privately owned and operated freight yards in the world—they contain more than 100 miles of tracks.

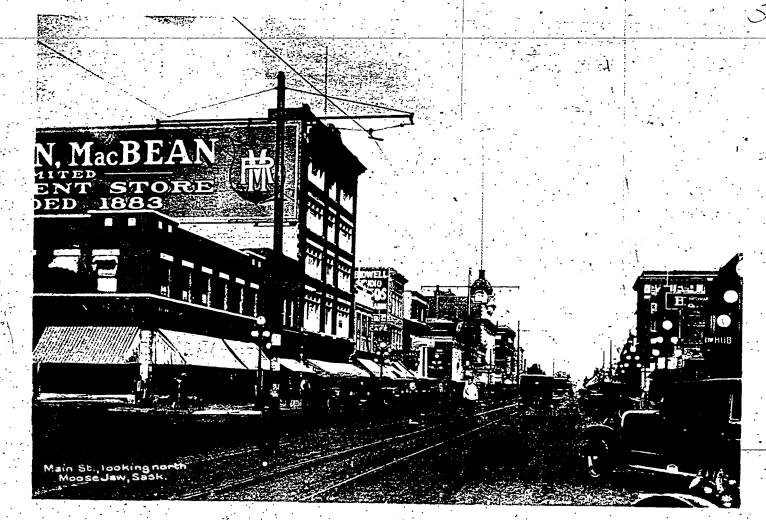
Moose Jaw is also the Industrial Capital of Saskatchewan. Its activities include flour mills, abattoirs, creameries, bottling works, stockyards, welding works, dental laboratories, brewery, tannery, oil refinery, iron foundry, sash and door factories, etc. The local stockyards reflect the rapid development of mixed farming in South Saskatchewan. They are by far the largest stock yards on the prairies, being able to handle 5.000 head of stock daily.

The district tributary to Moose Jaw is uniformly well settled and prosperous. Crops are noted for their quality and high yield. Although the productive capacity of the territory has not yet been developed to any great extent, its annual production of wheat alone already exceeds 70,000,000 bushels. Stockraising, dairying and poultry-raising are increasing very rapidly indeed. The City possesses one of the three Canadian Government Interior Storage Elevators with a capacity of 3,500,000 bushels, also the cleaning and grading plant of the Saskatchewan Registered Seed Growers' Ltd. The latter organization distributes large quantities of registered and clean seeds—grains, grasses and sweet clover—throughout the West, and is building up an export trade. The unique record of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society, which won all the honours of the Provincial Seed Grain Fair at the University of Saskatoon for seven consecutive years, 1919 to 1925 inclusive, and second place in 1926, was due, in large measure, to the use of registered seed. The importance of Moose Jaw as a grain centre will grow rapidly in the future as the City becomes a Grain Inspection Point from August 1st, 1927.

Moose Jaw is one of the most important distributing centres in Western Canada. With more than 50 wholesale houses, employing over 300 commercial travellers, it is the logical "base for supplies" for two smaller cities, 50 towns, 150 villages and nearly 200 hamlets. The recent opening of the big bridge over the Saskatchewan River south of Elbow by the Canadian National Railways, has increased Moose Jaw's trading territory by approximately one-third, and her-continued-development-as-a-distributing-centre is now assured.

1926



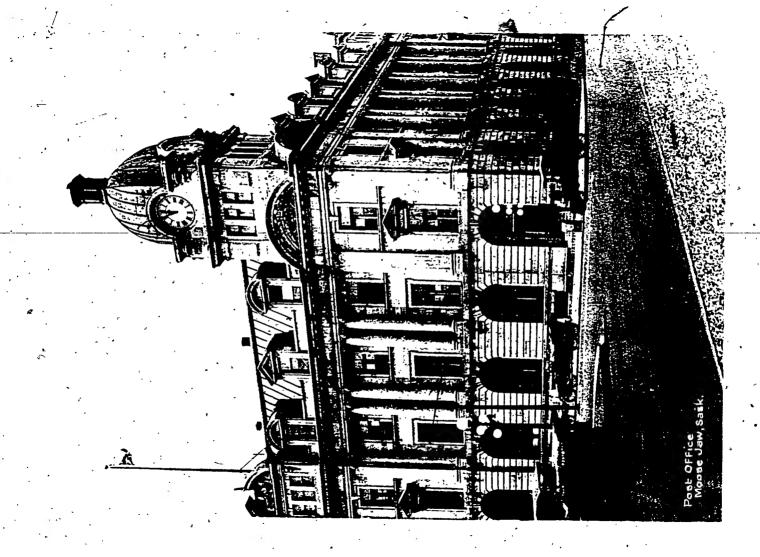


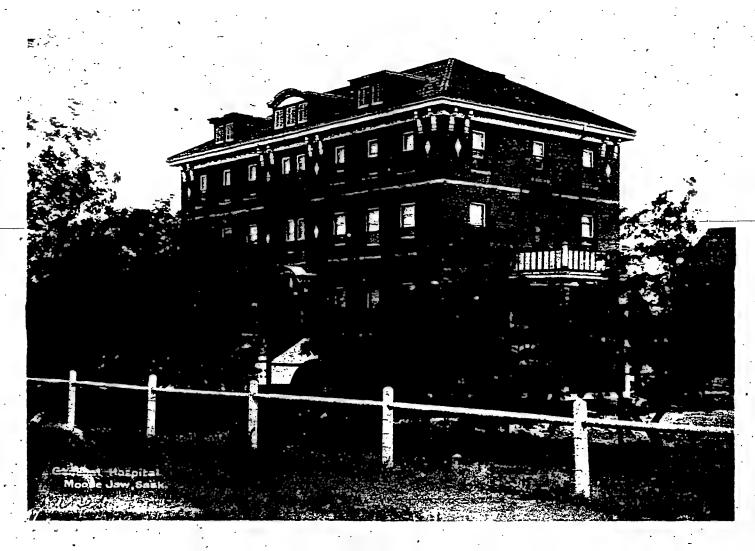


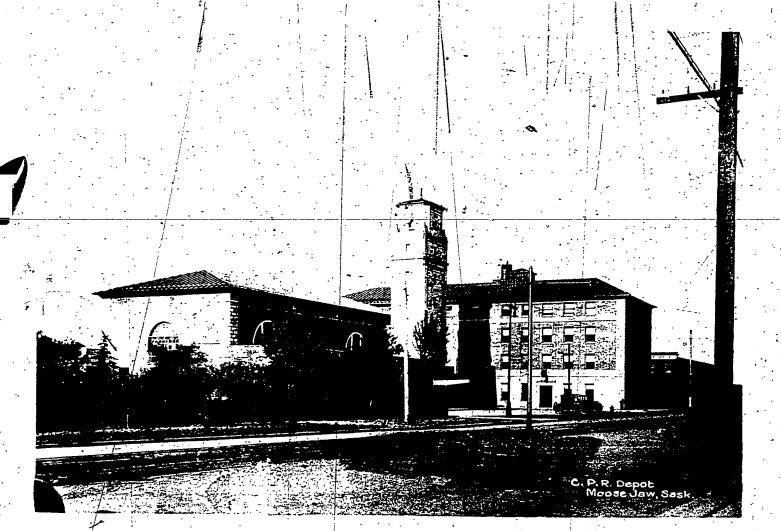




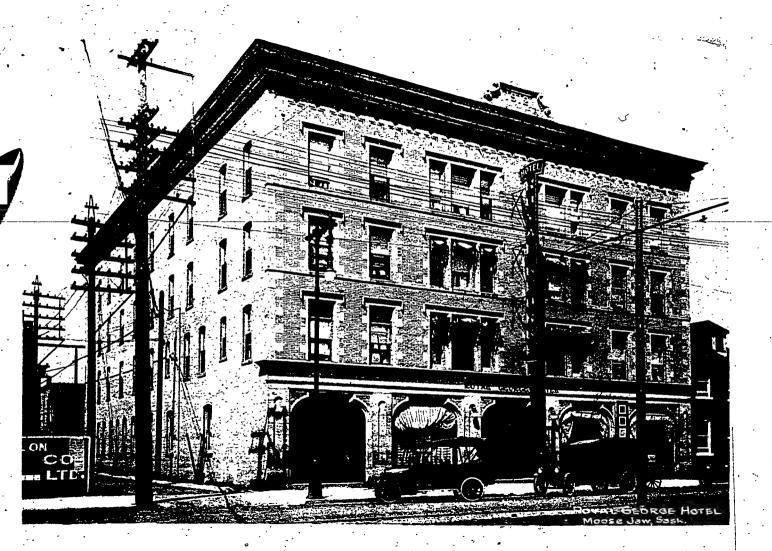


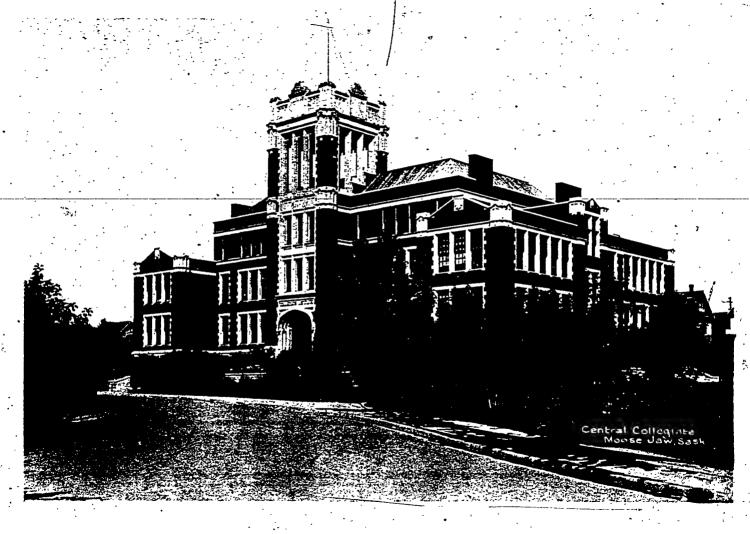




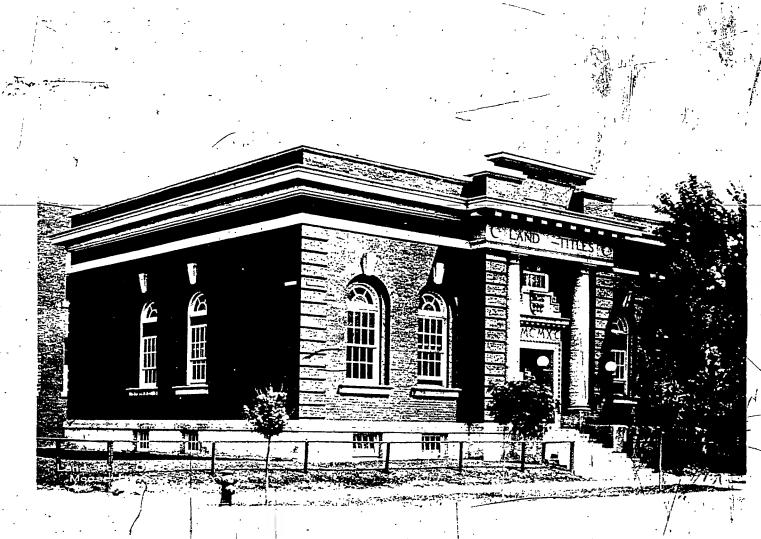


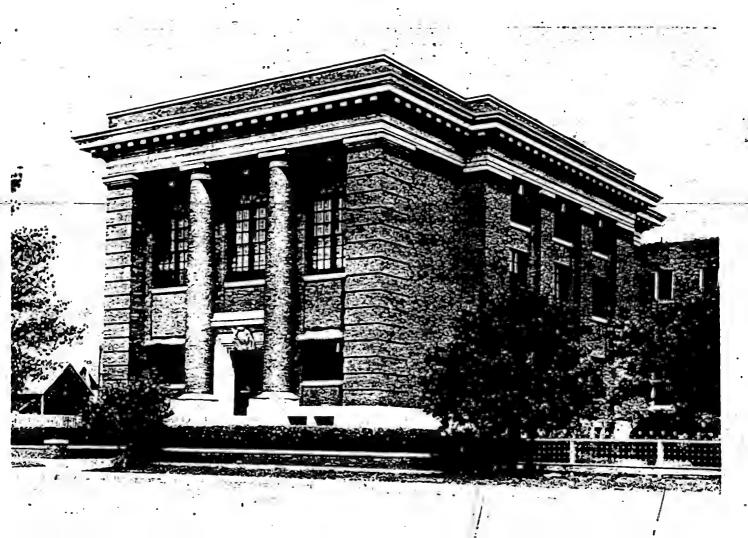


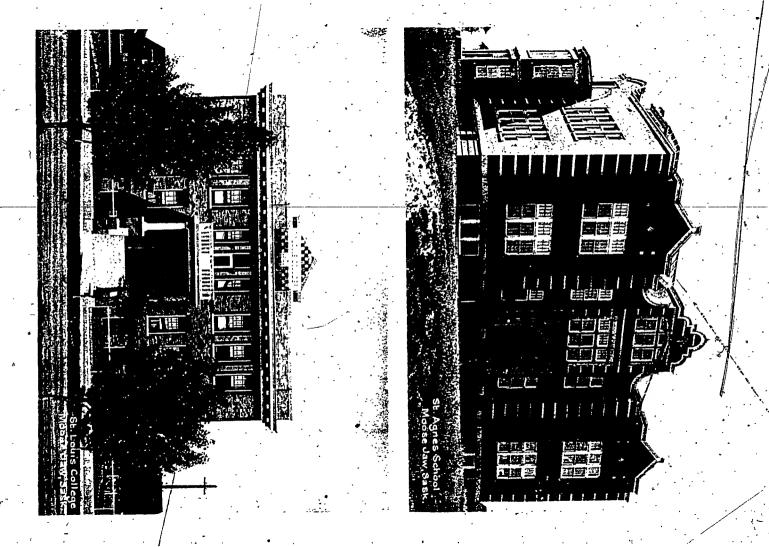


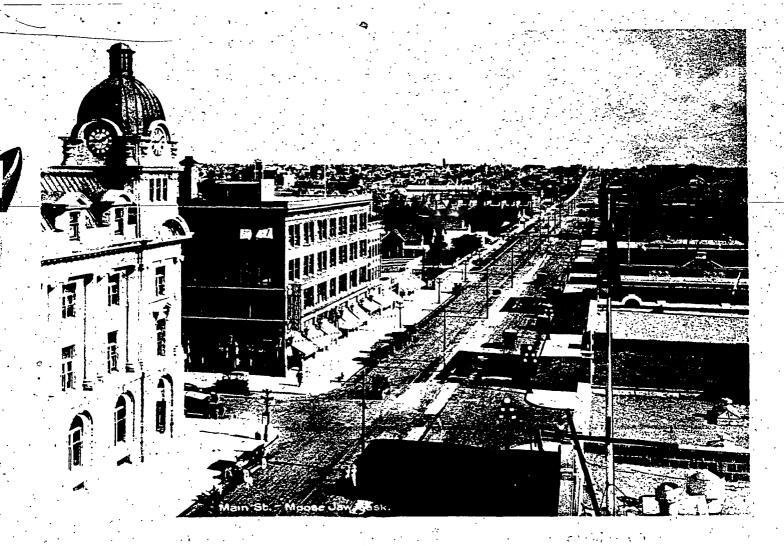


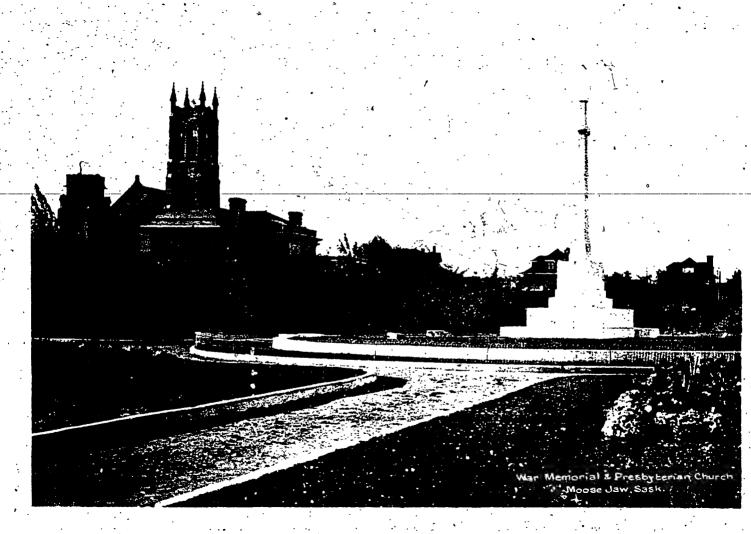


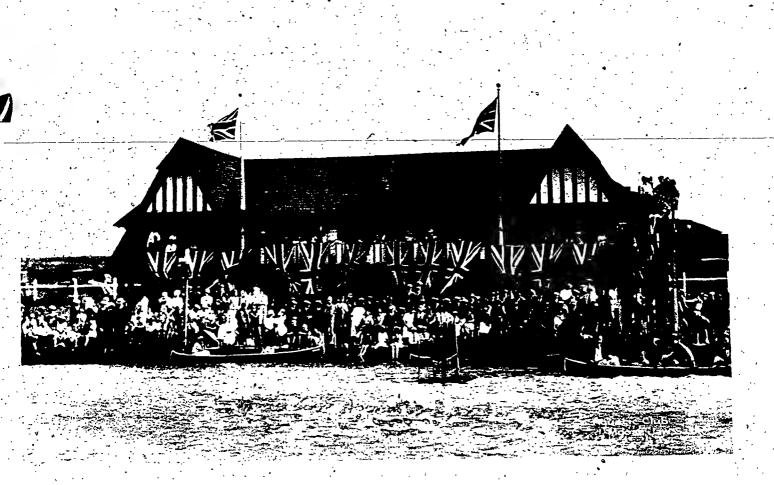




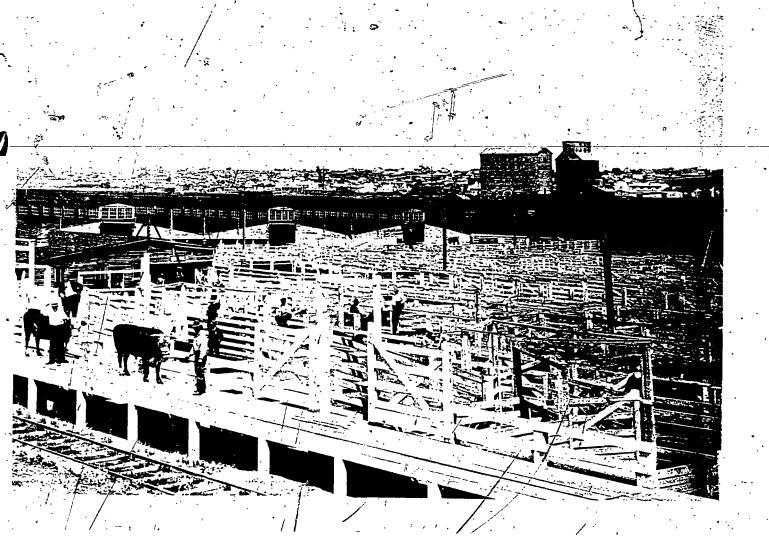




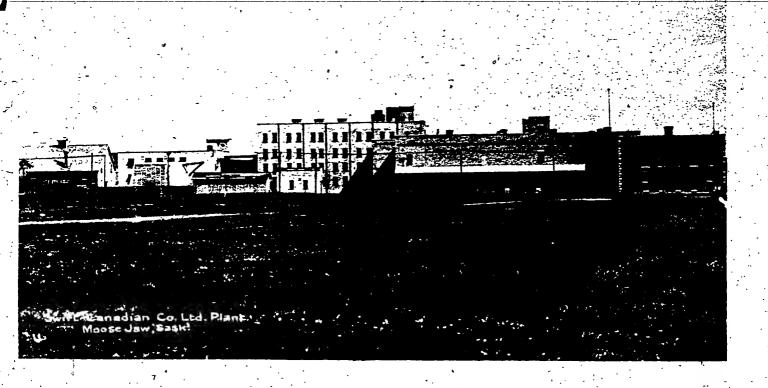








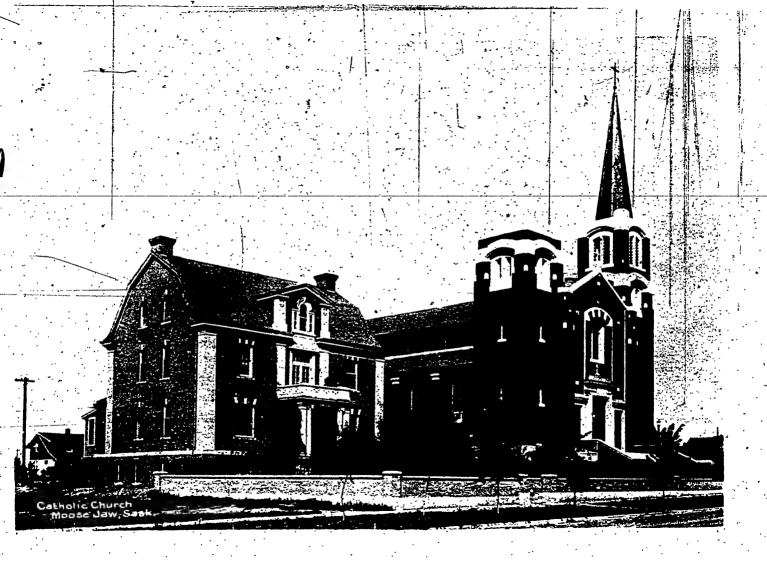


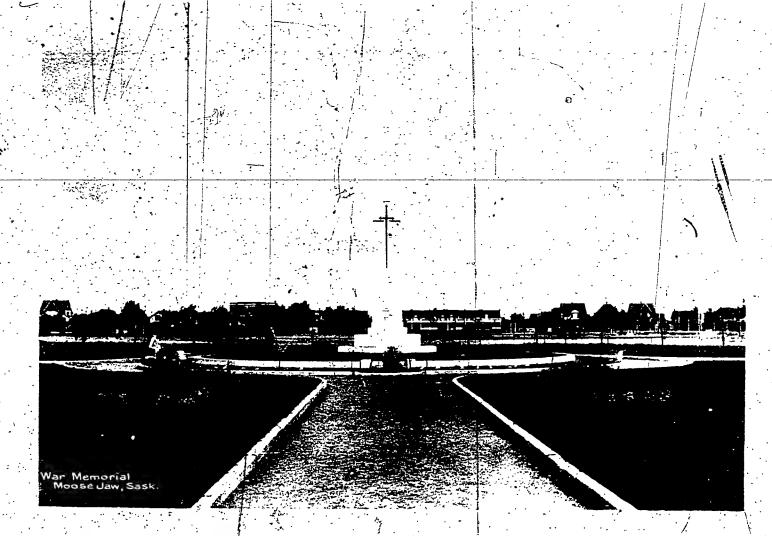


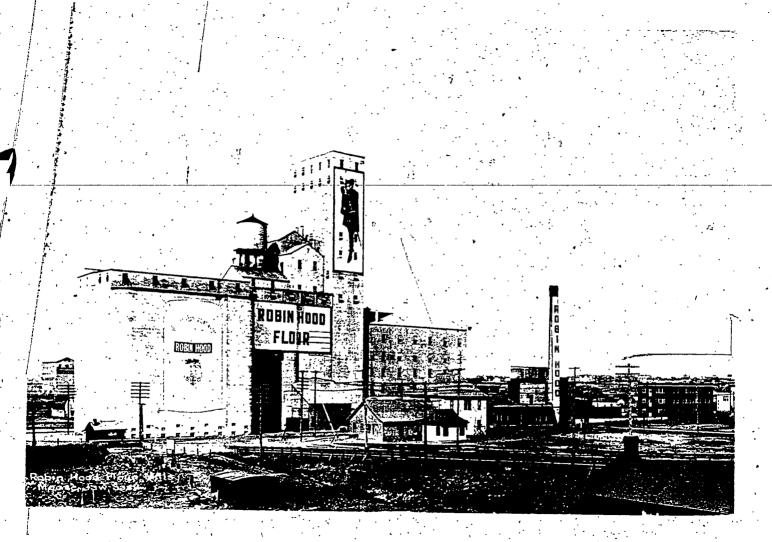




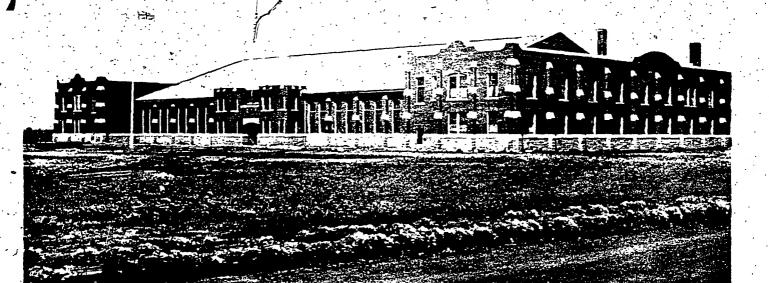












Armouries - Moose Jaw, Sask.

